



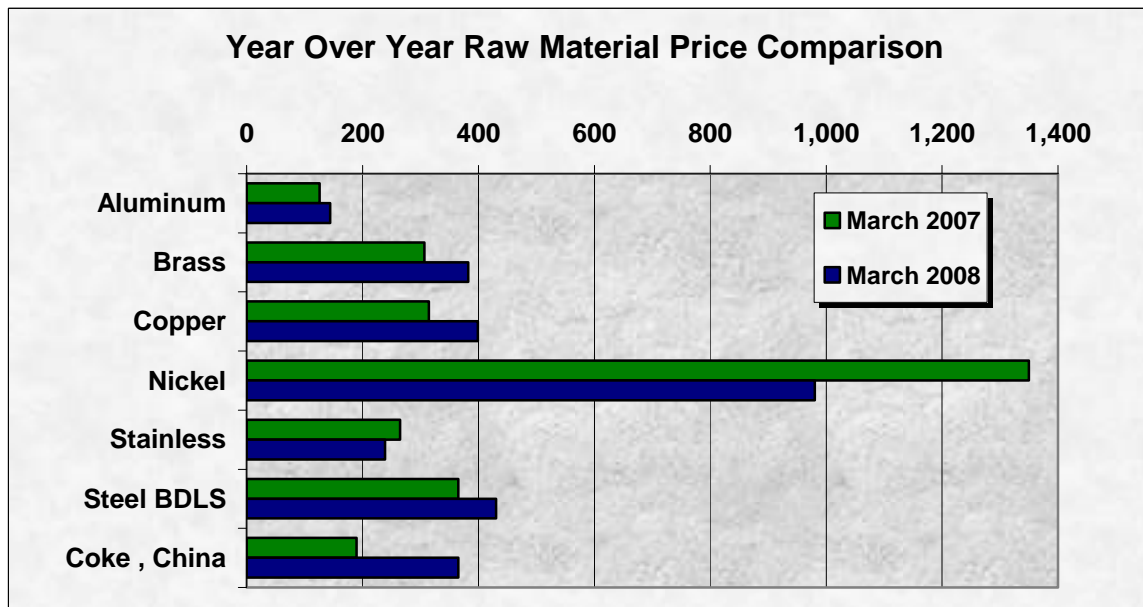
Material Impacts On The Precision Machining Industry

April 2008

Prices Rise, Prices Rise! Dumping In the Spotlight

Executive Summary

Rising prices for raw materials continues to pressure producers of precision machined products made from those materials, thus encouraging the importation of foreign produced finished products – but only from lower cost economies with government subsidies for manufacturing. Five of the seven items we track are up over same month last year:



This Just In: American Metal Market's April Factory Bundles Index rose a record-breaking \$162/ton to \$555/ton. This is 25% higher than the previous record of \$443/ton in November 2004. Robust domestic and overseas demand for scrap, combined with the limited availability of prime scrap due to declining automotive production appears to be the major driver.

Dumping cases against China are in the news both in North America and the EU.

Of interest to our industry, on March 26, 2008 the Department of Commerce (Commerce) announced its decision to initiate an antidumping duty investigation of imports of steel threaded rod from the People's Republic of China (China). Here's a factsheet: <http://ia.ita.doc.gov/download/factsheets/factsheet-prc-str-init-032608.pdf>

A case on light wall rectangular tube was initiated in January by Commerce as well: <http://ia.ita.doc.gov/download/factsheets/factsheet-multiple-rect-pipe-012408.pdf> An investigation is ongoing in welded stainless high pressure pipe from China as well.

In Canada duties of up to 91% have been imposed on Chinese pipe: <http://www.cbsa-asfc.gc.ca/sima-lmsi/i-e/ad1371/ad1371-i-nf-eng.html>

Steel fasteners from China are subject of a \$500 million dollar anti dumping action in the European Union (EU). The European Commission recently issued a formal notice to China regarding a US\$500 million anti-dumping case on steel fasteners. The case is reported to be centered on production from Ningbo, and has according to China Customs, more than 100 Ningbo enterprises involved in EU anti-dumping cases. China is the largest producer of fasteners in the world, and Ningbo is China's most important fasteners manufacturer and exporter, accounting for more than 25% of country's fasteners sales.

The Metals Activity Report from the Metals Service Center Institute reports February shipments of steel products from U.S. service centers were flat, at 4.26 million tons, compared with year-earlier volume, and month-end inventories declined to 12.09 million tons from nearly 12.20 million tons in January.

The talking heads on the TV news shows all seem agree that there is a slowdown going on. Could someone please tell the Commodities that the precision machining industry consumes that that is the case? From where those of us who buy these materials sit, the materials don't seem to have noticed.

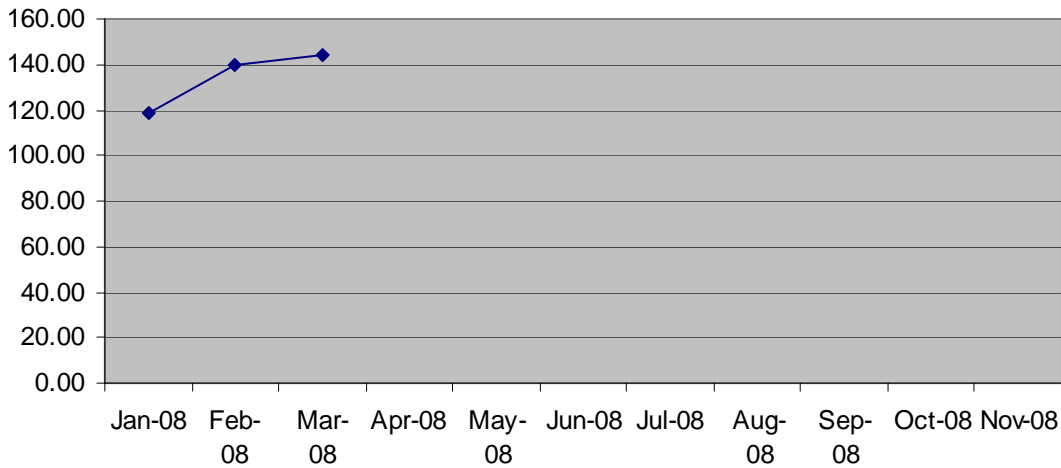
Dumping treasuries?

This is one important story, largely ignored in the US press! If you can only read one dumping story, READ THIS! <http://tinyurl.com/2u6vw9>

New with this report is a link to a currency chart provided by Georgetown Economic Services..

Aluminum (cents per pound Comex Spot close)

Aluminum 2007 (Comex spot close)



<i>Interval</i>	<i>% Change</i>	<i>\$ Change</i>	<i>Commodity Price (cents/lb)</i>	<i>Feb 2008</i>	<i>March 2008</i>
<i>Jan2008-Jan2007</i>	-8.23	- 9.50	<i>Maximum</i>	139.75	143.75
<i>March2008-Jan 2008</i>	20.80	24.75	<i>Most Frequent</i>	116.50	131.00

The average price of aluminum in 2006 was up 35.16% over the average in 2005, its now up 20% since January 2008.

The growth in the use of aluminum in transportation applications is noteworthy, particularly in light of current price of oil. Transportation represents the largest market for aluminum in North America. Automotive and light truck applications accounted for almost 6 billion pounds of aluminum shipments in 2006.

In 2006, aluminum overtook iron to become the second most used material in new cars and trucks worldwide. Automakers are increasingly choosing aluminum to improve fuel economy, reduce emissions and enhance vehicle performance.

The Aluminum Association reports that January production in the United States was 233,254 tonnes, up 1.3 % over December 2007 and up 15.8% than January 2007. Annualized, this rate would be the highest recorded since March 2003. Canadian production was reportedly 263,225 tonnes, up 1.4% from same month last year, but down almost one percent from December 2007.

Theft of metals article:

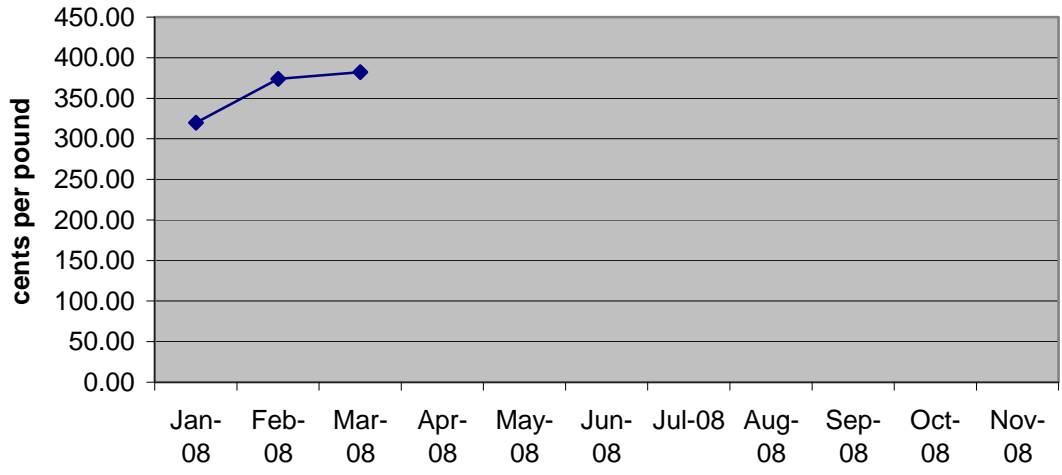
http://www.aluminum.org/AM/Template.cfm?Section=Trade_Commerce&TEMPLATE=/CM/ContentDisplay.cfm&CONTENTID=25870

Average price in 2007: \$1.22 per pound

(Energy is the main issue for aluminum producers, and increases in energy costs find their way quickly into the light metal's pricing. Recycling saves 95% of the energy needed to produce Aluminum. Increasing energy prices do not bode well for a strong and sustainable aluminum industry in North America. China is power short, which makes this material especially problematic for their planners.)

Brass (*cents per pound copper brass mill number 1*)

Brass (copper brass mill #1 scrap)

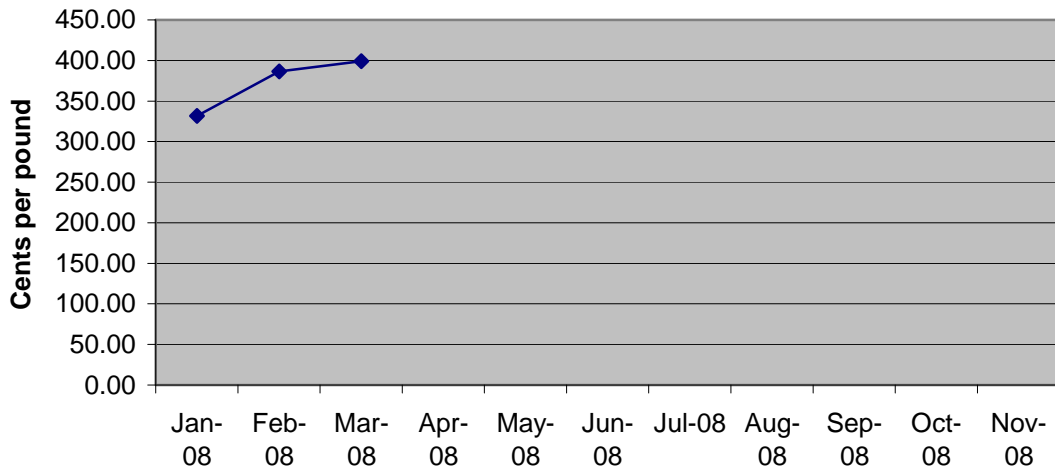


Average price in 2007: \$3.28 per pound.

<i>Interval</i>	<i>% Change</i>	<i>\$ Change</i>	<i>Commodity Price (cents/lb)</i>	<i>Feb 2008</i>	<i>March 2008</i>
<i>Jan2008-Jan2007</i>	24.43	54.00	<i>Maximum</i>	374	382
<i>March2008-Jan 2008</i>	19.38	62.00	<i>Most Frequent</i>	341.50	365.00315

Copper cents (per pound Comex high grade cathode, spot close price)

Copper (comex High grade cathode spot close)



Interval	% Change	\$ Change	Commodity Price (cents/lb)	Feb 2008	March 2008
Jan2008-Jan2007	28.98	66.55	Maximum	386.35	398.95
March2008-Jan 2008	20.27	67.25	Most Frequent	355	385-386

Fuel surcharge seen increased by 3% to ~30% above standard freight rate. Energy Surcharge Zero.

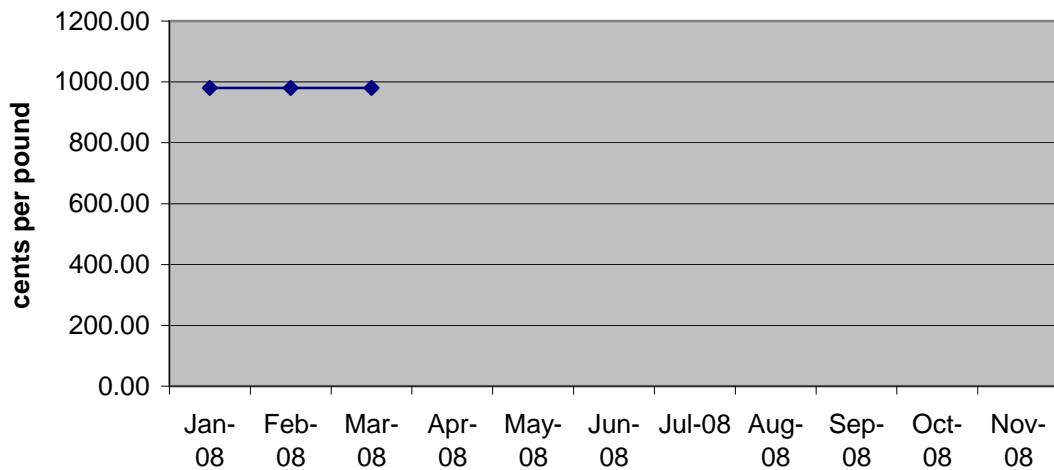
The commodities that we track increased 20% since our last report. This is despite the decrease in demand for the red metal as a result of the current softness in residential housing and automotive markets.

Consolidation in the industry is underway as we have reported. Our visits to shops in our industry confirm the ever shrinking mass, dimension and tolerance allowance for Copper based precision machined components. Economics continues to drive design!

Average price in 2007: \$3.39 per pound.

Nickel (cents per pound, New Clips and Solids Chicago)

Nickel scrap (new clips and solids)



Interval	% Change	\$ Change	Commodity Price (cents/lb)	Feb 2008	March 2008
Jan2008-Jan2007	-49.09	-270.00	Maximum	9.80	9.80
March2008-Jan 2008	No Change	No change	Most Frequent	9.70-9.80	9.70-9.80

The average price of nickel in 2007 was up 117% over the average in 2005.
We track Nickel New Clips and Solids as reported by AMM, no change has been reported.

World primary nickel usage in 2008 is forecast to increase again due to a recovery in stainless steel production around the world and particularly in China, according to the International Nickel Study Group.

World primary refined nickel production was 1.36 Mt in 2006, which is estimated to increase to 1.47 Mt in 2007, and is forecast at 1.57 Mt in 2008. The 2007 and 2008 figures do not include any adjustment factor for possible production disruptions.

We expect demand for stainless and nickel to increase due to demand in the aerospace, petrochemical, and Power Generation markets. Continued gains in quality of life in Asia also

will keep demand high for goods made from Stainless Steel, and thus Nickel. The low US Dollar also makes North American scrap for export a desirable commodity.

Average price in 2007: \$12.01 per pound, 38% above 2006 avg. of \$869.17.

(Nickel is a key component of many steel alloy systems, stainless steels, superalloys, and many other nickel base materials.)

Stainless

Stainless Surcharges: Smolz+ Bickenbach USA *Stainless 303 per pound Raw Materials Surcharge-* March: \$1.34; April \$1.40; these are calculated on a two month lag.

Stainless Steel

The Specialty Steel Industry of North America ("SSINA") has released the first statistical data on imports, U.S. consumption, and import penetration for 2008. The data represents U.S. consumption, imports, and import penetration for YTD January 2008 compared to the same 2007 one month period. Stainless steel bar imports in YTD January 2008 were 9,050 tons, a 24.1% decrease compared to YTD January 2007; U.S. consumption was 18,414 tons, a 24.2% decrease; one month import penetration was 49.1%, with no change from 2007.

The latest ITA monthly factsheet release shows that overall steel imports in January 2008 increased 33 percent from December 2007. The change in January's total amount of steel imports was due to an increase in all goods, especially rebar; which increased 131.5%, from December to January. There was an increase across all carbon and alloy and stainless products. January 2008 imports of steel mill products were down 10 percent compared to January 2007. **Link:**

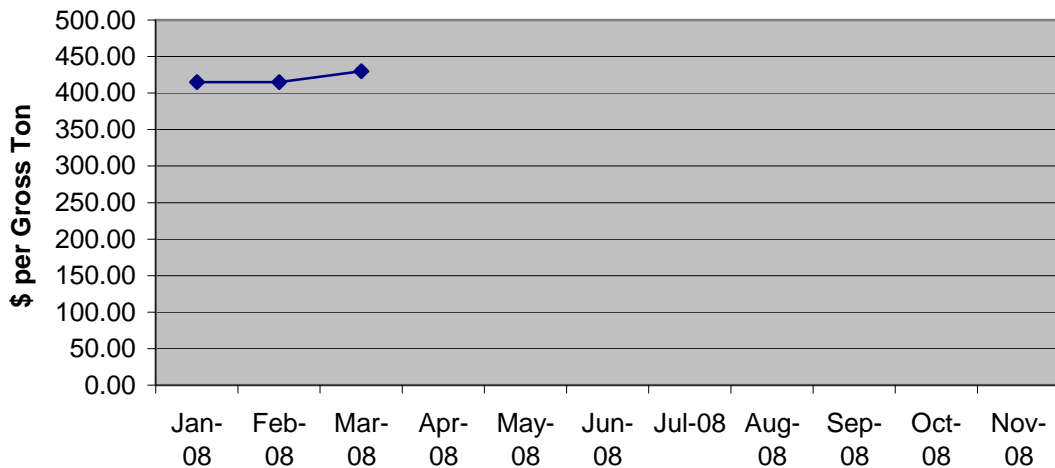
http://ia.ita.doc.gov/steel/license/news/monthly_SIMA_factsheet.pdf

No, there is NOT any Hexavalent Chromium in Stainless Steels:

http://www.ssina.com/news/releases/pdf_releases/02_22_06.pdf

Steel *(dollar per gross ton, Consumer Number 1 bundles, Chicago)*

Steel Scrap (#1 Bundles)



Steel, cont'd

Interval	% Change	\$ Change	Commodity Price (\$/gr.ton)	Feb 2008	March 2008
Jan2008-Jan2007	55.36	155.00	Maximum	415	430
March2008-Jan 2008	3.61	15.00	Most Frequent	405	430

The average price of steel bundles in 2007 was up 8.8% over the average in 2006. Surcharges: April 2008 Material Surcharges for Cold Finished Bars: \$13.50; additional alloy surcharges applicable: 8620 \$13.89 cwt.; 4140-4142 \$ 9.78 cwt. Fuel surcharge: \$0 .95 (per cwt.)

American Metal Market's April Factory Bundles Index rose a record-shattering \$162/ton to \$555/ton – 25% higher than the previous record of \$443/ton in November 2004. (\$555 is literally off our chart, we'll need to adjust next report!) A combination of robust domestic and overseas demand for scrap, coupled with limited availability of prime scrap due to declining automotive production appears to be the major driver.

While imports are not significant now (Down about 9 percent year to date as of February latest data), as the prices rise in the U.S. penetration is likely to increase dramatically.

In January, PMPA published the 2008 Cold Finished Bar Market Outlook prepared by Roger Bassett, President and CEO of Plymouth Steel. This was reprinted in *Production Machining's* April edition. His conclusion is worthy of repeating today: "In general, there appears to be an upward price trend for cold finished bar in the US because of supply side influences on cost. Availability in the USA does not seem to be an issue at the moment. For planning purposes, it would seem prudent to expect some significant

increase in prices, particularly in the first quarter and continuing again into the rest of the year, as the supply side cost increases cause inventory values to rise, and as US demand begins to recover.” You can read the full report here:

[http://www.pmpa.org/files/bulletin_file/2008_SBO_Steel_Market - RBassett.doc](http://www.pmpa.org/files/bulletin_file/2008_SBO_Steel_Market_-_RBassett.doc)

We continue to hear stirrings of base price hikes and rumors of further consolidation of cold finishers. We concur with Mr. Bassett’s thesis and expect steel prices to rise substantially in the months ahead.

Production, Shipments, Inventories

The American Iron and Steel Institute (AISI) reported today that for the month of January 2008, U.S. steel mills shipped 9,246,000 net tons, a 7.3 percent increase from the 8,614,000 net tons shipped in January 2007 and an 8.8 percent increase from the 8,495,000 net tons shipped in the previous month, December 2007.

A year-to-year comparison of year-to-date shipments shows the following changes within major market classifications: service centers and distributors, up 9.3 percent; automotive, up 1.3 percent; construction and contractors’ products, up 8.5 percent; and oil and gas, up 3.2 percent.

In the week ending March 29, 2008, domestic raw steel production was 2,144,000 net tons while the capability utilization rate was 89.9 percent. Production was 2,073,000 tons in the week ending March 29, 2007, while the capability utilization then was 86.3 percent. The current week production represents a 3.4 percent increase from the same period in the previous year. Production for the week ending March 29, 2008 is up 1.2 percent from the previous week ending March 22, 2008 when production was 2,118,000 tons and the rate of capability utilization was 88.8 percent.

Adjusted year-to-date production through March 29, 2008 was 26,851,000 tons, at a capability utilization rate of 88.5 percent. That is a 4.9 percent increase from the 25,588,000 tons during the same period last year, when the capability utilization rate was 83.0 percent. Source: www.steel.org

Steel shipments were down from year-earlier levels just 2.7% in the United States and 2.3% in Canada, while Canadian aluminum shipments dropped a modest 1.3%. Only the 5.9% decline in U.S. aluminum shipments suggested larger economic weakness, yet that number, following the 13.4% year-over-year decline in U.S. aluminum shipments in December, was also relatively small.

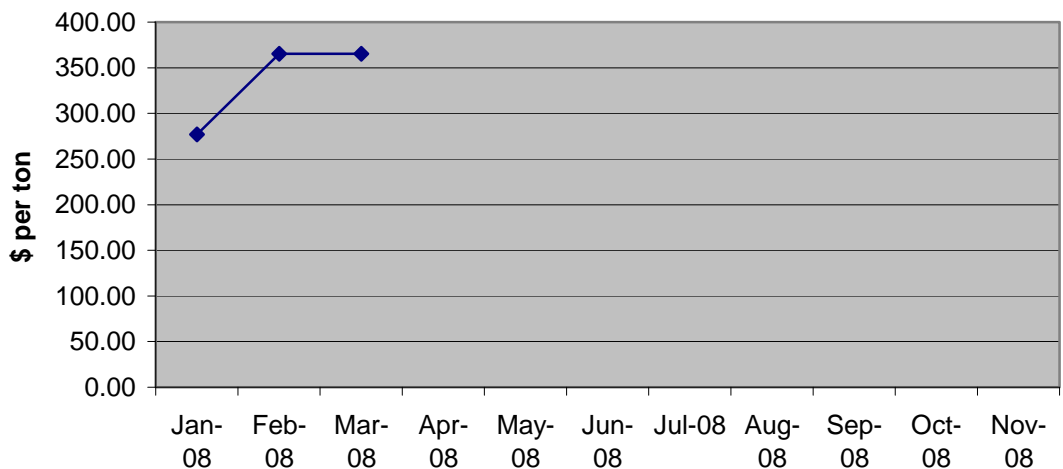
Steel shipments from U.S. metals service centers fell to 4.5 million tons in January. Month-end inventories totaled nearly 12.2 million tons, 25% lower than a year ago. At current shipping rates, the number of months of supply on hand was 2.7, well below the December months-of-supply figure because of the onset of typical spring seasonal supply requirements.

Canadian service centers shipped 329,400 tons of steel during January, down 2.3% from a year ago. Steel inventories in Canada ended the month at 1.2 million tons, or 3.8% below January 2007, but slightly larger than in December. Canadian steel inventories equaled a 3.7-month supply at current shipping rates, like the U.S. months-of-supply figure well below December. Source: www.MSCI.org

Average price in 2007: \$319.17 per gross ton, up 8.8% over 2006 average.

Coke (Chinese) (\$ per metric tonne)

China Coke



The average price of Chinese Coke in 2006 was down 32.1% over the average in 2005. What goes down, can go up!

Here is one of several articles that explain the China Coke situation:

The price of coke will continue to stay at a high level this year amid surging demand and rising cost, according to the China Coking Industry Association (CCIA).

Huang Jingan, CCIA chairman, said at a conference held in Beijing that increasing demand from the steel industry will largely boost the price for the key residue used in the smelting process.

China's steel industry produced about 959.2 million tons of crude steel and iron last year, and consumed 90 percent of the country's coke output. "Consumption will continue to rise amid growing steel and iron output this year," Huang said.

According to a Union Bank of Switzerland report, coking coal output in the world is expected to stand at 211 million tons this year, while the demand may hit 221 million tons.

Demands from China, India and Brazil will remain robust among other countries, the report said. CCIA statistics show that China's current export price of coke is \$500 per ton, representing an increase of 150 percent over last year when the average price was \$199.6 per ton. At the same time, thousands of small- and medium-size coke plants were closed down in a bid to save energy and reduce emissions, which may lead to a reduction in output capacity, said a market analyst.

In addition, China is to eliminate another 70 million tons of coke production capacity in future, according to the National Development and Reform Commission.

"As the government has raised duties and charged more pollutant tax on coke products, the coke plants have to afford more expense," Huang said. "The growing expansion of coke production will certainly be passed onto the price." China is the largest coke producer in the world, accounting for 60 percent of world production in 2007.

Source: http://www.chinadaily.com.cn/bizchina/2008-03/31/content_6579349.htm

While we are seeing a number of conflicting prices for export coke out of China, all signs are pointing to higher steel prices down the road as a result of coke's current record pricing.

Average price in 2006: \$141.75 per tonne.

(Coke is used in blast furnaces to make hot metal iron for use in the basic oxygen steelmaking process. China accounts for half of the world's supply of coke, one third of which went to the European Union.)

China Developments

Dumping In the Spotlight

Dumping treasuries?

This is one important story, largely ignored in the US press! If you can only read one dumping story, READ THIS! <http://tinyurl.com/2u6vw9>

Dumping cases against China are in the news both in North America and the EU. 15 steel related dumping cases were filed against China in 2007, with the value of products covered reaching almost \$1.95 Billion.

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Currency: Still no substantive action on the revaluation of the Yuan.

<http://tinyurl.com/22t7fj>

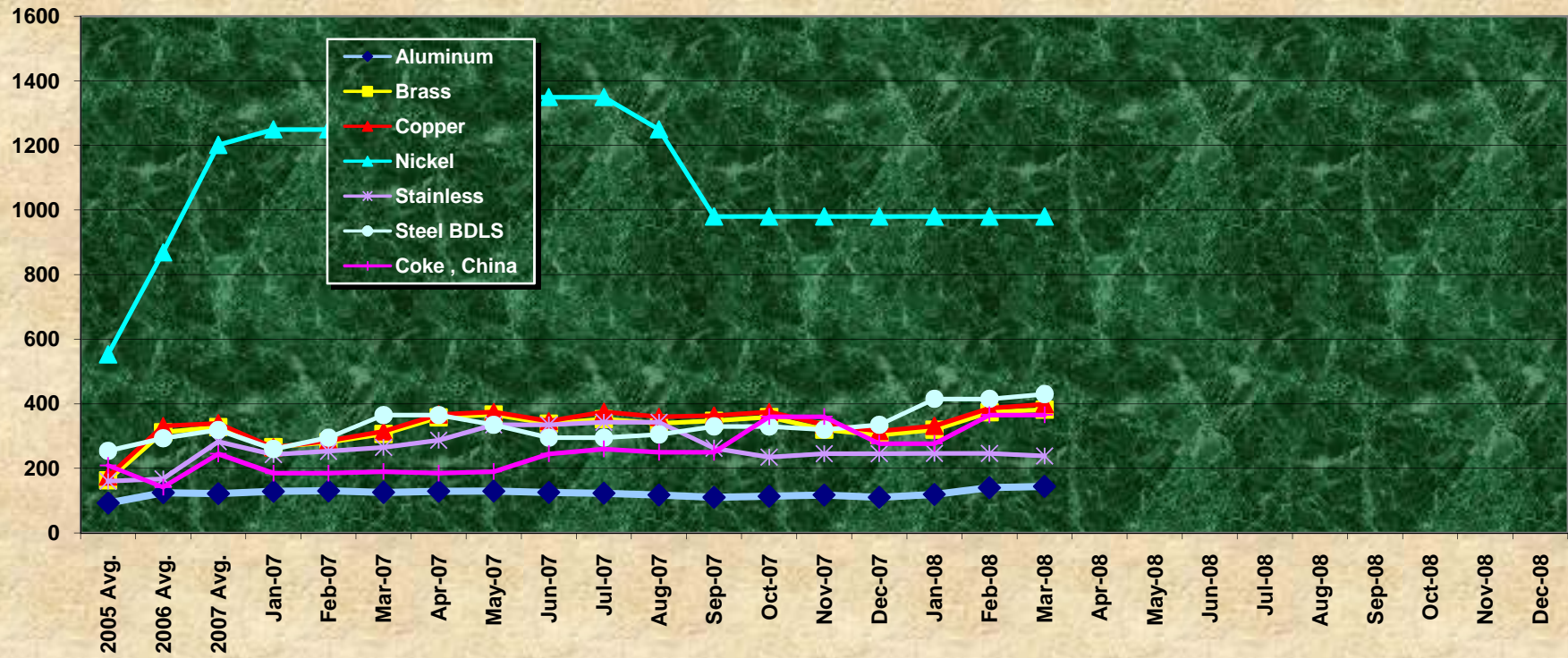
Please see the attached Analysis of Foreign Currencies prepared by Georgetown Economic Services.

The federal government's lack of **ACTION** on the manipulation of currency exchange rates by the Chinese government remains a critical concern for the sustainability of North American Manufacturing. *If not now, in an election year, then when?*

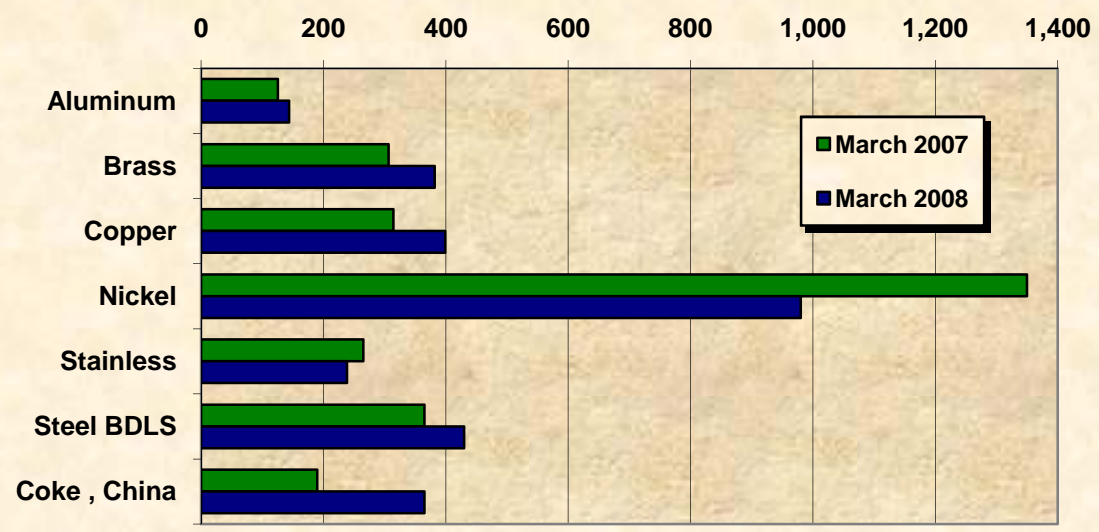
-Miles Free

Director, Industry Research and Technology
Precision Machined Products Association

PMPA RAW MATERIAL PRICE TRENDS



Year Over Year Raw Material Price Comparison



PMPA Raw Materials Index

	Aluminum	Brass	Copper	Nickel	Stainless	Steel BDLS	Coke , China
2005 Avg.	92.19	162.75	174.23	553.33	160.50	254.58	208.75
2006 Avg.	124.62	311.58	331.19	869.17	167.50	293.25	141.75
2007 Avg.	121.49	328.17	339.86	1201.67	282.65	318.92	244.75
Jan-07	128.50	266.00	265.15	1250.00	243.00	260.00	185.00
Feb-07	130.00	281.00	285.25	1250.00	253.00	295.00	185.00
Mar-07	125.50	306.50	314.35	1350.00	265.00	365.00	190.00
Apr-07	128.85	358.00	367.40	1350.00	287.00	365.00	185.00
May-07	129.25	367.00	375.05	1350.00	335.00	335.00	190.00
Jun-07	125.35	338.50	346.55	1350.00	335.00	295.00	245.00
Jul-07	122.65	353.00	375.40	1350.00	342.80	295.00	260.00
Aug-07	117.30	339.00	359.50	1250.00	342.80	305.00	250.00
Sep-07	110.00	347.00	363.60	980.00	262.63	330.00	250.00
Oct-07	113.25	359.00	374.95	980.00	235.04	330.00	360.00
Nov-07	117.25	320.00	335.60	980.00	245.25	320.00	360.00
Dec-07	110.00	303.00	315.50	980.00	245.25	335.00	277.00
Jan-08	119.00	320.00	331.70	980.00	246.06	415.00	277.00
Feb-08	139.75	374.00	386.35	980.00	246.06	415.00	365.30
Mar-08	143.75	382.00	398.95	980.00	238.62	430.00	365.30
Apr-08							
May-08							
Jun-08							
Jul-08							
Aug-08							
Sep-08							
Oct-08							
Nov-08							
Dec-08							
 Jan08- Jan 07 \$Change	-9.50	54.00	66.55	-270.00	3.06	155.00	92.00
Jan08-Jan07 %Change	-7.39	20.30	25.10	-21.60	1.26	59.62	49.73
Jan08- Mar08 \$Change	24.75	62.00	67.25	0.00	-7.44	15.00	88.30
Jan08-Mar08 %Change	20.80	19.38	20.27	0.00	-3.02	3.61	31.88

Table A

PMPA Raw Materials Index

2005 Average	92.19	162.75	174.23	553.33	160.50	254.58	208.75
2007 Average	121.49	328.17	339.86	1201.67	282.65	319.17	244.75
2008 YTD Average	134.17	358.67	372.33	980.00	243.58	420.00	335.87
YTY%Change	-100.00	-100.00	-100.00	-100.00	-100.00	-100.00	-100.00

Prices are as published, do not include surcharges.

Aluminum , Comex Spot close, cents/pound

Brass Scrap, Copper Brass mill #1, cents/pound

Copper, Comex High Grade Cathode, cents/pound

Nickel, Scrap clips and solids, cents per pound

Stainless, 303 CD bars, cents/pound

SteelBdls, #1, AMM Chicago, \$/gross Ton

Coke- anecdotal reports

About the commodities selected for tracking:

The items selected were chosen as indicators of costs for the materials commonly used by our industry.

They were selected because they were available and published, rather than a transaction price which might be confounded with other commercial objectives or geographic market peculiarities.

Aluminum- The use of the Comex Spot close price should need no explanation.

Brass Scrap, Copper Brass mill, #1 was chosen as indicative of the general trend for high quality Brass Scrap for recycling.

Copper, Comex High Grade Cathode was chosen as indicative of costs for "new Copper" to be added to the existing Brass Metal inventory available.

Nickel, Scrap clips and solids was chosen as a proxy indicator for understanding Stainless Steel and High Temp alloys which typically are high % Nickel content.(303-8-10%; 316 10-12%; Hastelloy- Greater than 50%)

Stainless- 303 bars this number is published and can provide a "calibration" of your actual numbers to compare to your own experience.

Steel Bdls #1- AMM Chicago. This indicator was selected as it is indicative of make up of Electric Furnace process Steels for Special bar quality. While other scrap types are blended into a heat, the #1 bundle indicator is the best glimpse of price vs quality for electric furnace melted steels. Typically 95% or more of an electric furnace melt is scrap. This indicator was also chosen because it plays a part in the calculation of some suppliers material surcharges.

Coke- Coke is used in blast furnace production of Iron in order to produce steel by the Basic Oxygen Process (BOP).

PMPA Raw Materials Index

Blast furnaces use the coke to provide support for the burden (iron ore, limestone, bushellings, sinter etc.), sensible heat, and carbon monoxide reactant to reduce the oxide in the ore to pure iron. Coke itself is produced by blending a mixture of low- and high- volatility and ash coals and processing them at very high temperatures to distill out volatile organics leaving a strong porous cellular solid which is the critical ingredient for the Blast furnace- BOP producer.

This process is daunting from an environmental impact point of view. ***Without coke, there is no blast furnace iron; Without blast furnace iron, there is no BOP steel.***

Quarterly averages have been calculated and used for this report for years prior to 2005 in order to tidy up the presentation of data.

Miles Free

**Quarterly Averages
PMPA Material Impacts**

	Aluminum	Brass	Copper	Nickel	Stainless	Steel BDLS	Coke , China
2003	65.60	77.50	78.21	310.23	111.00	114.55	
	65.84	79.48	80.15	312.50	105.00	124.05	
	66.77	81.93	82.02	325.12	102.00	131.00	
3rd Qtr.	66.07	79.64	80.13	315.95	106.00	123.20	
	69.79	87.04	88.20	359.67	102.00	132.00	
	70.67	92.22	92.76	419.72	105.33	145.33	
	73.52	98.76	99.67	452.50	106.00	162.43	
4th Qtr.	71.33	92.67	93.54	410.63	104.44	146.59	
2004	76.29	108.80	110.28	562.50	106.00	182.00	
	80.40	120.00	121.60	565.00	106.00	275.00	182.00
	84.65	137.00	139.70	525.00	121.50	295.00	460.00
1st Qtr.	80.45	121.93	123.86	550.83	111.17	250.67	321.00
	88.65	136.00	137.10	500.00	121.50	270.00	450.00
	80.85	123.50	124.70	425.00	121.50	240.00	410.00
	83.45	128.00	129.25	500.00	121.50	250.00	325.00
2nd Qtr.	84.32	129.17	130.35	475.00	121.50	253.33	395.00
	84.30	130.00	131.30	550.00	121.50	395.00	
	84.30	131.00	131.55	520.00	121.50	395.00	
	90.95	135.00	139.90	520.00	153.50	375.00	310.5
3rd Qtr.	86.52	132.00	134.25	530.00	132.17	388.33	310.50
	91.30	142.00	147.35	600.00	157.00	415.00	239.00
	89.45	140.00	144.50	500.00	157.00	430.00	239.00
	94.25	145.00	149.10	500.00	157.00	430.00	280.00
4th Qtr.	91.67	142.33	146.98	533.33	157.00	425.00	252.67
2005	93.60	145.00	149.50	500.00	157.00	370.00	280.00
	95.05	144.00	150.25	550.00	157.00	315.00	230.00
	96.65	146.00	151.05	550.00	157.00	255.00	230.00
1st Qtr.	95.10	145.00	150.27	533.33	157.00	313.33	246.67
	93.50	149.00	154.20	600.00	157.00	270.00	230.00
	85.50	144.00	161.40	650.00	160.00	215.00	230.00
	80.25	149.00	153.00	650.00	160.00	145.00	210.00
2nd Qtr.	86.42	147.33	156.20	633.33	159.00	210.00	223.33
	84.40	153.00	163.00	560.00	160.00	170.00	210.00
	89.80	168.00	177.95	540.00	160.00	230.00	210.00
	89.00	173.00	187.65	540.00	160.00	285.00	210.00
3rd Qtr.	87.73	164.67	176.20	546.67	160.00	228.33	210.00
	91.90	181.00	196.80	520.00	166.00	235.00	185.00
	101.55	193.00	218.00	480.00	166.00	285.00	130.00
	105.10	208.00	228.00	500.00	166.00	280.00	150.00
4th Qtr.	99.52	194.00	214.27	500.00	166.00	266.67	155.00
2005 Average	92.19	162.75	174.23	553.33	160.50	254.58	208.75

**Quarterly Averages
PMPA Material Impacts**

	Aluminum	Brass	Copper	Nickel	Stainless	Steel BDLS	Coke , China
2006							
	115.50	221.00	229.65	550.00	166.00	280.00	120.00
	122.25	229.00	233.65	550.00	166.00	275.00	148.00
	116.50	245.00	250.35	550.00	135.00	294.00	148.00
1st Qtr.	118.08	231.67	237.88	550.00	155.67	283.00	138.67
	130.60	320.00	348.30	700.00	135.00	294.00	138.00
	146.00	373.50	407.55	810.00	135.00	315.00	138.00
	120.00	345.00	369.10	810.00	135.00	342.00	140.00
2nd Qtr.	132.20	346.17	374.98	773.33	135.00	317.00	138.67
	121.50	357.00	382.95	910.00	135.00	342.00	140.00
	116.60	351.00	366.50	1150.00	135.00	342.00	125.00
	122.25	348.00	372.20	1150.00	135.00	285.00	125.00
3rd Qtr.	120.12	352.00	373.88	1070.00	135.00	323.00	130.00
	129.10	327.50	356.00	1050.00	245.00	275.00	164.50
	127.10	318.00	334.55	1050.00	245.00	245.00	164.50
	128.00	304.00	323.45	1150.00	243.00	230.00	150.00
4th Qtr.	128.07	316.50	338.00	1083.33	244.33	250.00	159.67
2006 Average							
	124.62	311.58	331.19	869.17	167.50	293.25	141.75
2007							
	128.50	266.00	265.15	1250.00	243.00	260.00	185.00
	130.00	281.00	285.25	1250.00	253.00	295.00	185.00
	125.50	306.50	314.35	1350.00	265.00	365.00	190.00
1st Qtr.	128.00	284.50	288.25	1283.33	253.67	306.67	186.67
	128.85	358.00	367.40	1350.00	287.00	365.00	185.00
	129.25	367.00	375.05	1350.00	335.00	335.00	190.00
	125.35	338.50	346.55	1350.00	335.00	295.00	245.00
2nd Qtr.	127.82	354.50	363.00	1350.00	319.00	331.67	206.67
	122.65	353.00	375.40	1350.00	342.80	292.00	260.00
	117.30	339.00	359.50	1250.00	342.80	305.00	250.00
	110.00	347.00	363.60	980.00	262.63	330.00	250.00
3rd Qtr.	116.65	346.33	366.17	1193.33	316.08	309.00	253.33
	113.25	359.00	374.95	980.00	235.04	330.00	360.00
	117.25	320.00	335.60	980.00	245.25	320.00	360.00
	110.00	303.00	315.50	980.00	245.25	335.00	277.00
4th Qtr.	113.50	327.33	342.02	980.00	241.85	328.33	332.33
2007 Average							
	121.49	328.17	339.86	1201.67	282.65	318.92	244.75
2008							
	119.00	320.00	331.70	980.00	246.06	415.00	277.00
	139.75	374.00	386.35	980.00	246.06	415.00	365.30
	143.75	382.00	398.95	980.00	238.62	430.00	365.30
1st Qtr.	134.17	358.67	372.33	980.00	243.58	420.00	335.87